TC011: Clinical Phase I Trial Evaluating Safety, Pharmacokinetics, DLT, MTD, Efficacy and RP2D of TC011, a CD19-Targeted CAR-T Therapyin Relapsed or Refractory B-Cell Non-Hodgkin Lymphoma Patients



ONCOLOGY F	hase 1
Product Type	Gene-modified Chimeric Antigen Receptor T-Cell (CAR-T)
Indication	B-Cell Non-Hodgkin Lymphoma
Target	Cluster of Differentiation 19 (CD19)
MOA(Mechanism of Action)	CD19-specific Targeting CAR-T Cells Bind to Tumor Cells → Proprietary T cell-Strengthened, Gene Modified CAR-T Cells Eliminate Tumor Cells with Augmented Efficacy → Enhanced CAR-T Cell Therapy Achieved through Substitution of the CAR-T Cell Transmembrane Backbone, Leveraging Immune Synapse Potentiation Characteristics of Mol-X.
Competitiveness	 TiCARos utilizes CLIP (Clamping-based Immunological Synapse Potentiating) CAR technology which potentiates immune synapse by modification of transmembrane backbone of CAR-T Cell. As immune synapse potentiating module, it allows T cells to have tighter, wider and more advantageous immune synapse surface for T cells to carry our its therapeutic activity Since it does not participate in modification of extracellular binding domain nor intracellular signaling domain, there is no possibility of mechanism manipulation – making CLIP simpler and safter way to modify CAR-T Cells
Development Stage	Phase 1
Route of Administration	Parenteral-Intravenous

